

Dimensional Analysis

Dimensional Analysis

- AKA factor-label, unit analysis, etc.
- A problem-solving technique
- Uses units to direct/inform you of how to proceed

Conversion Factors

- A Ratio = 1
- # on the top is the same/equivalent to # on the bottom

- Examples:

$$\frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mile}}$$

- Units cancel like the numbers do

$$\frac{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 6}{6 \cdot 3} = 4$$

$$\frac{\text{cm} \cdot \text{cm} \cdot \text{g}}{\text{cm} \cdot \text{cm}} = \text{g}$$

Questions to Ask Yourself:

- What is given?
- What is being asked for?
- How to get there from here?

Ex #1: How many cm in 32.4 mm?

$$32.4 \text{ mm} \times \frac{1 \text{ cm}}{10 \text{ mm}} = 3.24 \text{ cm}$$

3
∞
3

Put in your calculator: 32.4 / 10 =

Ex #2: How many inches in 8.63 miles?

$$8.63 \text{ miles} \times \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mile}} \times \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} = 547000 \text{ in}$$

3
∞
∞
3

Put in your calculator: 8.63 x 5280 x 12 =

Ex #3: How many gallons in 496 mL?

$$496 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1 \text{ gallon}}{3.7854 \text{ L}} = 0.131 \text{ gallons}$$

Put in your calculator: $496 / 1000 / 3.7854 =$

COMPOUND UNITS

g/cm^3 --- read as "per" = division line

Ex #4: How many lb/qt in $2.70 \text{ g}/\text{cm}^3$?

$$\frac{2.70 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ cm}^3} \times \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{453.59 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1.0567 \text{ qt}} =$$

$$5.63 \text{ lb/qt}$$

Put in your calculator: $2.70 / 453.59 \times 1000 / 1.0567 =$

Converting Units that are m^2 or m^3

- Remember...units cancel like the numbers do...

$$\frac{4 \times 3 \times 6}{6 \times 3} = 4 \qquad \frac{\text{cm} \times \text{cm} \times \text{g}}{\text{cm} \times \text{cm}} = \text{g}$$

- This means if you have cm^2 , you have $\text{cm} \times \text{cm}$, so...
- To change cm^2 , you need to use the conversion factor 2 times

$$32 \text{ cm}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \times = 0.0032 \text{ m}^2$$

Example #5:

How many cm^3 are in 16.2 ft^3 ?

$$16.2 \text{ ft}^3 \times \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{2.54 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ in}} \times \frac{2.54 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ in}} \times \frac{2.54 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ in}} =$$

$$458,732 \text{ cm}^3 = 459,000 \text{ cm}^3 = 4.59 \times 10^5 \text{ cm}^3$$

OR

$$16.2 \text{ ft}^3 \times \frac{(12 \text{ in})^3}{(1 \text{ ft})^3} \times \frac{(2.54 \text{ cm})^3}{(1 \text{ in})^3} = 458,732 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 459,000 \text{ cm}^3 = 4.59 \times 10^5 \text{ cm}^3$$

Example #6:

How many cm^3 are in a block of concrete that measures $2.0 \text{ m} \times 5.6 \text{ m} \times 7.1 \text{ m}$?

$$V = l \times w \times h = 2.0 \text{ m} \times 5.6 \text{ m} \times 7.1 \text{ m} = 79.52 \text{ m}^3 = 80. \text{m}^3$$

$$80. \text{m}^3 \times \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} \times \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} \times \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} = 79520000 \text{ cm}^3 = 8.0 \times 10^7 \text{ cm}^3$$

OR

$$80. \text{m}^3 \times \frac{(100 \text{ cm})^3}{(1 \text{ m})^3} = 80. \text{m}^3 \times \frac{1000000 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ m}^3} = 79520000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 8.0 \times 10^7 \text{ cm}^3$$